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Standing alone

It is human to stand with the crowd; it is divine to stand alone. It is man-like to follow the people, to drift with the tide; it is God-like to follow a principle, to stem the tide.

It is natural to compromise conscience and follow the social and religious fashion for the sake of gain or pleasure; it is divine to sacrifice both on the altar of truth and duty.

"No man stood with me, but all men forsook me," wrote the battle-scarred apostle in describing his first appearance before Nero to answer for his life for believing and teaching contrary to the Roman world. Indeed, truth has been out of fashion since man changed his robe of fadeless light for a garment of faded leaves.

Noah built and voyaged alone. His neighbors laughed at his strangeness and perished in style. Abraham wandered and worshipped alone. Sodomites smiled at the simple shepherd, followed the fashion and fed the flames. Daniel dined and prayed alone. Elijah sacrificed and witnessed alone. Jeremiah prophesied and wept alone. Jesus loved and died alone. And of the lonely way His disciples should walk, He said : "Straight is the gate and narrow is the way which leadeth unto life, and few there be that find it." Of their treatment by the many who walk in the broad way, He said : "If ye were of the world, the world would love his own; but because ye are not of the world, therefore the world hateth you."

The church in the wilderness praised Abraham and persecuted Moses. The church of the kings praised Moses and persecuted the prophets. The church of Caiaphas praised the prophets and persecuted Jesus. The church of the Middle Ages praised the Saviour and persecuted the saints; and multitudes now, both in the church and the world, applaud the courage and the fortitude of the patriarchs and prophets, the apostles and martyrs, but condemn as stubbornness or foolishness like faithfulness to truth today.

Wanted, today, men and women, young and old, who will obey their convictions of truth and duty at the cost of fortune and friends and life itself; people who believe "It is better to die than to sin."

W. R. B.

the Indian Ocean Union ln. **PROGRESS AND OPPORTUNITIES**

March 9 I sailed from Marseilles on the S.S. "Grandidier" of the Messageries Maritimes to visit our mission fields in the Indian Ocean Union. On this trip, which kept me away from home more than four months, it was my privilege to visit practically all of our churches in Madagascar, Reunion and Mauritius, and to meet all of our missionaries and their families, as well as the native workers. In beautiful little Mauritius, where the whole island is covered with a network of excellent automobile roads, it is easy to reach all the churches in a short time. But, in Madagascar, with its enormous distances, where churches are often far apart, and where the roads are not always good - sometimes lacking altogether so that you have to push your way across the rice fields in little boats under the scorching rays of a tropical sun, - it requires both time and physical endurance to reach all the places where our work is now established.

It was a great joy to meet again our dear workers and members in these far-away fields. Whether white or black, yellow or brown, they all made me feel at home. It is wonderful how God can take us from the various nations, races, and colors of earth and so fill our hearts with love and sympathy for one another that we actually feel in our hearts and souls that we belong to the same family, and that we become so attached to one another in Christian fellowship that we rejoice to meet, and shed tears when we must part!

It was also a source of joy and gratitude to find workers and members of good courage in the Lord, determined by His grace to press forward in the good way. Some, it is true, have, as others in the home lands, grown weary and fallen out by the way, but, thank God, a far larger number of new converts have come into the church to take their places. While we cannot report any mass movement toward the church, I am glad that we can truthfully say that God has blessed and prospered His people and His work in the Indian Ocean Union. Progress has been made in all of the three islands that I visited. have churches increased their Existing membership, and new churches and companies have been raised up in other places.

Madagascar was the first field to be visited. When our boat cast anchor in the beautiful harbor of Majunga at sunrise Sabbath morning, March 25, it did my soul good to look over the railing into the face of Brother Bureaud, the Union superintendent, who had come out in a small boat to meet me. After the usual

customs formalities were finished, we soon found ourselves in our fine new chapel, where Brother Edgar Villeneuve and his flock were waiting for us. After having spent several Sabbaths alone on the boat, what a joy it was to be able to worship the Lord together with these dear brethren and sisters in Majunga, a number of whom I had met on previous visits! God is blessing the labors of Brother and Sister Villeneuve in this important center. Now that they have a good chapel where they can gather the people, we believe that the church will grow rapidly.

Sunday we spent with a live, growing church located about one hundred kilometers from Majunga on the way to Tananarive. Early the next morning, quite a company of us were taken in small boats up a crocodileinfested stream, and across flooded rice fields to a small village where Brother Villeneuve and one of our faithful native workers have been making regular visits. Here a splendid interest has developed. The small room in a private dwelling used for meeting place can accommodate only a fraction of the people who come. When we were there, the major part of the audience had to stand outside trying to listen through doors and windows. Fortunately, we had favorable weather. After the preaching service, all retired to a little pond where six precious souls were buried with their Lord in baptism. Others are keeping the Sabbath, and will soon be ready for baptism. We believe that with the help and blessing of God a good church can soon be organized in this place. For a strong permanent work to be established there, it is necessary to provide a simple but adequate chapel. Brother Villeneuve said that if we could give them five thousand French francs they would by sacrifice and hard work be able to erect the building. When, after my return to France, I mentioned this need in one of our churches, a brother whose heart God had touched handed me an envelope containing exactly five thousand francs. The money has been forwarded, and I suppose that by this time Brother Villeneuve and the new believers are hard at work building the chapel. Thus another humble memorial will soon have been erected to the glory of God out in the jungle of Madagascar.

After spending a few pleasant hours with the European and Madagascar workers in Tananarive, the capital of the island, where the headquarters of our mission are located, we hastened on to visit all the churches to the

(Turn to page 7.)

Statistical Report of the Southern Europ. Division of S. D. A. for the Quarter Ending June 30, 1939.

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Name of Conference or Mission	Number of Churches	Previous Membership	Baptism	Vote	Letter	Total Gains	Apostasy	Death	Letter	Total Losses	Net Gain	Presênt Membershi p	Ord. Ministers	Lic. Ministers	Licentiates	Teacher Evangelists	Canvassers	Other Workers	Total Workers	Number of Sab. Schools	Sab. School Membershi p	Average Attendance
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1. SOUTHERN EUR. DIV.													6	6	8	_	_	_	20			
2. FRANCO-BELGIAN U. C. 3. Belgian Conference 4. East France 5. North 6. South	15 15 25 70	560 425 721 662 2368	13 9 38 20 80	$\frac{1}{2}$	13 10 14 7 44	27 20 54 27 128		2 1 3		12 14 7 6 39	15 6 47 21 89	575 431 768 683 2457	5 4	3 6 3 5 2 19	6 4 2 4 5 21		13 11 19 17 60	- - - - 1	14 28 21 33 28 124	18 17 15 21 74	381 658 593 313 1945	317 540 44 1 257 1555
7. JUGOSLAVIAN UNION CONF. 8. Danube Conference 9. Sava 10. Morava	64 43 31 138	1918 946 917 3781	87 51 87 225	3 3 	10	99 81 97 277	8 16 10 34	7 4 6 17	25 13	30 45 29 104	69 36 68 173	1987 982 985 3954	4 6 4 4 18	2 1 1	4 2 2 2 10		24 28 24 76		8 34 35 31 108	71 43 44 158	2676 1156 1104 4936	2654 801 992 4447
11. RUMANIAN UNION CONF. 12. Bucegi-Marea Conf. 13. Suceava-Prut 14. Somes-Mures 15. Timis-Olt 16. Dumare-Nistru	164 110 1 39 79 57 549	6636 4294 3944 2145 1682 18701	137 51 67 53 6 314	16 4 8 2 2 32	49 82 91 21 6 249	202 137 166 76 14 595	56 38 12 6	17 17 18 4 6 62	96	161 - 152 31 39 -	98 -24 14 45 -25 108	6734 4270 3958 2190 1657 18809	8	3 4 1 5 3 2 18	12 9 7 1 2 4 35		17 6 14 5 11 53			79 58	4845 4781 2713	7019 2795 3070 2234 15118
 17. SWISS UNION CONFERENCE. 18. German Swiss Conference 19. Léman » 	36 20 56	1381 1008 2389	15 20 35	2	7 6 13	22 28 50	7 10 17	3 9 12	8 10 18	18 29 47	4 —1 3	1385 1007 2392	3 8 7 18	1 2 2 5	6 2 8		22 14 36		4 42 25 71	36 25 61	1346 779 2125	847 618 1465
20. IBERIAN UNION MISSION 21. Spanish Mission 22. Portuguese Conference 23. Madeira Mission 24. Azores	10 8 1 1 20	403 389 89 32 913	56 56	4		60		6	2	8	52 52	403 441 89 32 965	$\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{7}$	1 3 	5 1 1 7		19 19 19	_	4 29 2 2 37	7 1 3 10	505 115 57 677	491 97 50 638
25. ITALIAN UNION MISSION 26. North Italian Mission 27. South * * 28. Ethiopian *	14 15 8 37	455 392 423 1270	33 11 44	-	1 2 3	34 13 47	5 7 12	1 3 4	3	6 13 19	28 28	483 392 423 1298	1 7 6 14	1 2 3	5 4 3 17		18 7 		7 30 19 3 59	22 25 2 49	525 545 92 1162	459 563 83 1105
 29. NORTH AFRICAN UNION MISS. 30. Algerian Mission	9 4 1 14	245 97 42 384	7		5 2 7	12 2 	5 5	1 1	2 6 4 12		4 -4 -4	249 93 38 380		2	2		4	2 —	5 14 7 3 29	2 4	40 81	222 27 75 324
 33. INDIAN OCEAN UNION MISS. *) 34. Madagascar Mission 35. Mauritius » 36. Seychelics » 37. La Réunion » 	17 9 2 1 29	465 598 61 27 1 15 1			10 3 1 	10 3 1 	7 5 	3 3 	-	_	-9 -12 1 -20	456 586 62 27 1131		1 5 2 	4 11 10 2 1 28				6 20 14 3 2 45	23 2 2	807 86 62	975 536 64 52 1627
38. EQUAT. AFRIC. MISS.*)	3	210	67	_		67	4	2		6	61	271	3	3	9	30		-	45	3 3		3013
39. CAPE VERDE ISLANDS MISS.*)	1	26	 5		2						6	6	1	1	1	1			2	1	32 18	<u>41</u> 18
40. ST. THOMAS MISSION*)	-				4						=====					====					10	
							F	ιΕ	C	A	Ρľ	ΤU	<u>ا</u> ا	A 7 6]] 8	J N			20			
 Southern European Division Franco-Belgian Union Conference Jugoslavian > > Rumanian > > Swiss > > Swiss > > Iberian > Mission Italian > > Indian Ocean > > *1 Equat. African Union > Equat. African > *1 Cape Verde Islands > *1 St. Thomas > *1 Totals for the 2nd quarter 1939: > > 2nd > 1938: 	$70 \\ 138 \\ 549 \\ 56 \\ 20 \\ 37 \\ 14 \\ 29 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 918 \\ 9^27$	2368 3781 18701 2389 913 1270 384 1151 210 26 31193 29515	80 225 314 35 56 44 7 	2 4 	249 13 7 14 	128 277 595 50 60 47 14 14 67 7 1259 1470 1470 1470 1470 1470 1470 1470 1470 1470 1470 1470 1470 1470 1470 1470 1470 1470 147 14	17 12 5 12 4 	$62 \\ 12 \\ 6 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ 6 \\ 2 \\ -1 \\ 114$	266 18 2 3 12 16 	104 487 47 8 19 18 34 6 1 1 763	6 496	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	$ 18 \\ 7 \\ 14 \\ 7 \\ 9 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ \\ 9 \\ 17^{\circ} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 19 \\ 4 \\ 18 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 8 \\ 3 \\ \hline 1 \\ \hline 76 \end{array} $	21 10 35 8 7 17 11		60 76 53 36 19 25 6 275 293	4	124 108 179 71 37 59 29 45 45 2 3 722	158 566 61 10 49 49 33 1 1 1021	25237 2125 677 1162 407 2134 2675 32	1465 638 1105 324 1627 3013 41 18 29351
*) Report for the 1st quarter 1939.														. <u> </u>								

	Name of Conference or Mission		Total Tithe	Total Offerings (incl. Specials)	Contributions for Home Miss, Work	Contributions for Local Church Work	Colporteur Book Sales
	11		22	3	4	5	6
	East France Conference North > >	F. Fr. * » * » * » F. Fr.	137,441.50 59,682.50 175,416 56,127 428,667	36,470.35 22,975.65 60,810.35 55,863.60	409.95 134.75 1,182 1,113.15	3,954.05 75.50 4,585.50 137	118,192 68,240.50 108,461 85,817.25
7.	JUGOSLAVIAN UNION CONF.	\$	11,938.30	176,119.95 4,904.93	2,839.85 79.08	8,752.05 243.75	380,710.75 10,602.77
8 . 9. 10.	Danube Conference Sava > Morava >	Dinar » »	97,455.— 73.413.80 67,195.20	41, 3 72.75 28,559.63 28,996.75	 	 	60,757 75,583 66.713
		Dinar \$	238,064 5,118.30	98,929.13 2,126.97	, -,		203,053 4,365.64
11. 12. 18. 14. 15. 16.	RUMANIAN UNION CONFERENCE Bucegi-Marea Conference Suceava-Prut Somes-Mures Timis-Olt Dunare-Nistru	Lei » » » Lei	1.153,603 426,275 483,132 266,061 153,535 2,482,606	420,701. — 150,144. — 172,331.25 72,413.50 56,275.50 871,865.25			181,959 65,411 111,704 78,109 79,270
-	CHUCC DATAN CONFERENCE		18,619.50	6,538.97		 	516,453.— 3, 87 3 .39
7. 8. 9.	SWISS UNION CONFERENCE German Swiss Conf Leman Conference	Sw. Fr. » » Sw. Fr.	32,335	16,555.50 9,176.71 25,732.21	1,873.20 1,145.31 3,018.51	5,634 80 8,393.21	31,099.— 23,154.70
20.	BERIAN UNION MISSION.	\$	14,123.10	5,918.42	694.25	14,028.01 3,226.44	54,253.70 12,478.34
1. 2. 3. 4.	Spanish Mission Portuguese Conference Madeira Mission	Pesetas » »	8,262.90 1,664.30	4,566.65 458.13	734.15 		12,078.56
		Pesetas	9,927.20	5,024.78	734.15	 	12,078.56
5.	ITALIAN UNION MISSION North Italian Mission South » » Ethiopian Mission	\$ Lire »	30,680.30 15,703,	401.97 17,390.50 11,033.95 2,030.70	<u>58.73</u>	 1,719 	966.28 39,107.70 16, 626.50
•.		Lire	8,388.60 54,771.90	30,455.15	, ,	1,719	55,734.20
9. 0. 1.	NORTH AFRICAN UNION MISSION . Algerian Mission . Moroccan »	\$ F. Fr. ""	2,883.80 34,805.— 7.111.—	1,603.46 12,652.40 3,588.85	 	90.50 1,398.55 	2,934.41 20,222.30 10,185.—
2.	Tunis »	» » F. Fr. \$	<u> </u>	2,853.05 19,094.30 531.80	 	 1,398.55 38.95	30.407,30 846.84
9. 4. 5. 6.	INDIAN OCEAN UNION MISS. *) Madagascar Mission Mauritus » Seychelles »	F. Fr. » » » »	16,882.40 59,307.90 3.108.75	4,125.75 12,932.25 933.—	<u></u> 57.95	 89.30	
17.	La Reunion »	» » F. Fr.	4,130.95 83,4 3 0.—	638.25 18,629.25	1,641	751.75 841.05	
8.	EQ. AFRICAN MISSION *)	\$	2,324.—	518.83	47.31	23.42	
).	CAPE VERDE ISLANDS MISSION *)	F. Fr. \$ Es.	6,535.50 182.— 583.50	1,143.25 31. 8 4 612	 	 	
0	ST. THOMAS MISSION*)	Es.		27.54			
σ.	(A. ALOMING MISSION')	£s. \$	17.60	4.17	,	, ,	
	Southern European Division Franco-Belgian Union Conference			ECAPITU			
3 4.	Jugoslavian » » Rumanian » »	\$	11,938.30 5,118.30	4,904.93 2,126.97	79.08	243.75	10,602.77 4,365.64
).	Swiss » » Iberian » Mission Italian » »	5 5 5	18,619.50 14,123.10 794,10	6,538.97 5,918.42 401.97	694.25 58.73	3,226.44	3,873·39 12,478·34 966.28
/. 3.).	North African » » Indian Ocean » *	\$	2,883.80 1.458.—	1,603.46 531.80		90.50 38.95	2,934.41 846.84
). 1. 2.	Eq. African * *) Cape Verde Isiands * *) St. Thomas * *)	\$	2,324 182 26.30 17.60	518.83 31.84 27.54 4.17	4 ⁻ .31	23.42 —.—	
	Totals 2nd quarter 1939 » 2nd » 1938	\$	57.485	22,608.90	879.37	3, 623.06	36,067.67
	" 2uu » 1938	\$	65,158.20	28.094.39	1.106.15	2,708.61	38,001.93

*)Report for the 1st quarter 1939.

QUARTERLY REVIEW

Specification of Mission Offerings (Column No. 3)

							Special Offer.				
	Sabbath School Offerings (exc. 13th Sabbath)	13th Sabb ath Offering	Harvest Ingathering	Annual Offerings	Miscellaneous Offerings	Self Denial Offerings	Big Week	Young People's Collection	(Relief Fund) Weekly Officiation		
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	13,339.45 7,288.55 12,278.90 7,780.90 40,687.80 1,133.15	2,728.10 3,564.25 3,303.25 2,157.95 11,753.55 327.33	3.294,65 2.802,70 20,701.95 28,127.15 54,926.45 1,529.70	2,044.55 194.40 2,238.95 62.35	80 137 370.40 587.40 16.36	4,263,50 5,139.20 6,885.90 4,435.50 20,724.10 577.17	10,249.10 3,176 17,403.35 12,797.30 43,625.75 1,214.98	547.65 851.20 100 1,498.85 41.74	3.35 73.75 ——— ——— 77.10 2.15		
7. 8. 9. 10.	13,870 9,068.75 9,279.25 32,218	2,886.75 2,146.50 1,866 6,899.25	672.75 141.50 176.— 990.25	95.25 14.— 27.50 136.75	 	11,892.75 11,329.25 9,521.50 32,743.50	10,734.50 4,773.75 7,150.75 22,659.— 487.17	703.25 544.— 570.50 1,817.75	517.50 541.88 405.25 1.464.63		
11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16.	<u> </u>	148.33 38,507.50 15,769 16,759.50 8,813 5,831 85,700 85,700	21.29 4,659 1,602 550 540 7,451	2.94 6,369.50 135 25 6,745.50		703.99 92,557.50 39,355 47,617 13,967 13,206 206,702,50	87.050.50 31.738 48,165.50 15,269 11,599 193,822	39.08 3,535 330 636 358 54 4,913 4,913	31.49 10,666.50 3,813 2,093.50 1,095.50 1,244.50 18,913 18,913		
17. 18. 19.	<u> </u>	642.75 882.— 1,098.97 1,980.97 455.62	<u>55.85</u> 2 3 0 230 52.90	50.59 	63.— 157.68 220.68 50.76	1,550.28 5,056 2,148.75 7,204.75 1,657 09	1,453.67 5,575 1,648.45 7,223.45 1,661,40	36.84 40 125.30 165.30 38.02	141.85 101.50 13.65 115.11 26.49		
20. 21. 32. 23. 24.	1,572.5 3 346.81 						2,418.19	52.33 			
25. 26. 27. 28.	4,555.25 3,765.30 1,700.70 10,021.25	1,493.70 1,086.80 	 			4,506 2,826.05 7,332.05	2.443,15 193.45 6,600.25 3.193.30 9,793.55	4.18 213.55 142.50 356.05	21 .7 21.7		
29. 30. 31. 32.	527.61 3,706.35 828.10 557.30 5,091.75	135.86 779.10 363.25 89.43 1,231.80	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		386.03 3,956.35 1,000.70 600 5,557.05	515.63 4,210.60 1,396.80 1,597.80 7,205.20	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
33. 34. 35. 36. 37.	141.81 2,713.25 5,133 634.30 432.35	34.31 692.30 1.901.05 298.70 205.90	339.— 355.80 —.—	3 22.30 5,4 5 1	 	<u>91.40</u> 	200.67 	21 30.90 			
38.	8,912.90 248.22 777.35 21.65	3,097.95 86.28 62.75 1.75	694.80 19.35 29.85 83	5,773.30 160.79	 227.60 6.34	91.40 2.55 	28.— .78 45.70 1.27	30.90 86 	 		
39. 40.	87.45 3.94 81.60 3.67	18.55 83 11 50	406	_,_ ,_ ,_	 	 	100		 		
1. 2.	1,133.15	327.33	REC 1.529.70	APITU 62. 3 5		O N 577.17	1,214.98	41.74	2.13		
3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 1. 12.	692.68 2,607.14 1,976.14 153.55 527.61 141.81 248.22 21.65 3.94 3.67	$\begin{array}{c} 148.33\\ 642.75\\ 455.62\\ 50.79\\ 135.86\\ 34.31\\ 86.28\\ 1.75\\83\\50\end{array}$	21.29 55.85 52.90 1.05 19.35 .83 18.27	2.94 50.59 17.38 160.79 	5C.76 	703.99 1,550.28 1,657.09 386.03 154.77 2.55 	487.17 1,453.67 1,661.40 193.45 515.63 200.67 78 1.:.7 4.30	39.08 36.84 38.02 4.18 18.75 24 86 	31.44 141.85 26.49 		
	7,509.56 9.209.37	1,884.35 2.687.99	1,699.24 4,130.56	294.05 357.27	73.46 430.75	5,031.88 5,386. 0 9	5,7 3 3.52 5,308.09	179.71 348.92	203.13 235.35		

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Itinerating on our Southwestern Rim EQUATORIAL AFRICA

French Equatorial Africa is indeed a wilderness of sin and spiritual darkness, where dark-faced men and women are still wandering without light.

This territory has been entered by the heralds of the last message, but our efforts to the present have been confined to the unchristianized, uncivilized tribes of Central-east and Cameroon. The Southern European North Division operates three main stations situated on the old slave route leading from the savannas of the interior to Yaoundé, the capital, which are the administrative centers for the operation of some thirty outpost stations. In addition, the Northern European Division conducts a station in the extreme north of the Cameroon territory, near Maroua. But outside of this work, French Equatorial Africa remains unoccupied. We have nothing in the Moyen Congo, the Gabon, Oubangui-Chari, nothing in that vast territory of forests and rivers and countless villages lying north of the Congo and west of the Oubangui, and stretching inward to the deserts of Central Africa.

This section of Africa is a definite challenge to the vitality of the Advent Movement. The immensity of this challenge forced itself home to my heart last February as I traveled northward from Pointe Noire to Duala, touching port after port and surveying en route the realities and possibilities of mission endeavor in these lands. French Equatorial Africa, with nigh on six million inhabitants, must be evangelized; we cannot escape this, but it will not be an easy field. We must bind up our hearts with dauntless courage as we make plans to move forward. The tropical climate still holds the white man in its fatal grip, jeopardizing constantly the success of his enterprises; and then, too, spiritually speaking, this territory, with all of Equatorial Africa, is a stronghold of Catholicism. Rome claims four million Catholics in Africa, more than half of which are in Equatorial Africa. We know what this means. But nevertheless French Equatorial Africa is a promising field. The rapidly expanding work in the Cameroon is a pledge for future success in the entire territory.

My first contact with the Cameroon was in the spring of 1937. At that time, although less than nine years have elapsed since the arrival of the first missionary, I found a promising work under way, with a number of well developed main and outpost stations. I felt a deep thankfulness to God for what had been accomplished in this unchristianized territory,

practically out of contact with European civilization, by a small handful of loyal missionaries. However, the progress of the past two years is still much more striking, for now the earnest pioneer labors have begun to bear definite fruit. Since my first visit the number of baptized members has more than doubled, being 271 at the end of the first quarter of 1939, while the Sabbath school attendance has reached 3013, a thousand more than in 1937. At the present time the baptismal classes count about 900 candidates.

Theregional assemblies held during February and March were also typical of the growth of the past two years. I think the largest gathering we had in 1937 did not assemble more than 700 to 800 people. We held three such meetings, one on each main station. This year the attendance soared far beyond this number on the three main stations. For the Sabbath worship hour at Nanga-Eboko, the mission headquarters, more than 1800 persons were present, including the paramount chief of the Benvalé tribe. This man, who until recently has shown himself a staunch Catholic, also attended the baptismal service which was held following the eleven o'clock meeting, and displayed a deep interest in all that took place. In fact, he has openly favored our mission of late in a number of his villages. When we asked a local chief in the Benvalé territory why the Sabbath mission had been invited to his village, he replied: "We see the difference now." Throughout the entire region the natives are beginning to see the difference between the true and the false.

The Batouri meeting had 1,400 people in attendance, and down on the south coast, at Grand Batanga, more than 400 met on Sabbath, most of them Sabbath keepers, where we had only some 250 two years ago. Smaller and larger gatherings were held in other places where interests are developing. In South Cameroon the message is flying from lip to lip and interested groups are forming in all parts. The brethren feel they must step in and follow up God's providential openings before the present opportunities are lost, and they laid plans for the opening of two new main stations immediately. The 1939 budget provided funds for one of these: funds for the second station must still be found. Surely God is leading the way toward definite expansion in French Equatorial Africa.

A full picture of the progress accomplished during the past two years could not be given in figures alone, nor in a recital of geographical

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INTERESTING ITEMS

During the past quarter, two missionary families have returned permanently to Europe from the Indian Ocean Union: Elder and Mrs. M. J. Bureaud and son, and Brother and Sister H. L. Henriksen and three children. Brother Bureaud connected with the work in Madagascar in 1927, and since then has served the field faithfully in various capacities. For many years he was director of the Madagascar Mission; since the organization of the Indian Ocean Union in 1936 he has carried the superintendency of the field. During the past year he also has served as principal of the Madagascar training school, while directing at the same time the construction of a new plant on the school property. During all these years, and in all their labors, Brother and Sister Bureaud have shown courageous devotion for the mission cause, and they will never be forgotten in Madagascar where they have been so closely identified with the work and its progress in every branch since the beginning. Elder Bureaud is locating in South France where he has been called to labor in evangelistic work.

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Owing to the departure of M. J. Bureaud, a number of changes became necessary in the distribution of workers in the Indian Ocean Union, and these have been cared for as follows: Elder E. Bénézech, director of the Madagascar Mission, has accepted to serve at the same time as superintendent of the union. Elder W. Ruf," director of the Mauritius Mission, has been called to the principalship of the Madagascar training school, while E. Veuthey, of Mauritius, has been designated for the directorship of the Mission. These arrangements left a vacancy in the Mauritius Mission working force which is to be filled by Elder W. Fuchs, of the North France Conference, who is under definite appointment and will sail for Mauritius as soon as circumstances permit.

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July 27, Brother and Sister R. Devins of Algeria, sailed from Marseilles on the s. s. "Porthos" for Reunion, where they are to share with Elder Girard and his family the responsibility of evangelizing that far-away island. The budget provision for Brother and Sister Devins, for a two-year period, was made possible by the generous gift of a faithful member and his wife of the Lausanne church. We thank God that these additional laborers are now in the field, and we implore a special measure of divine blessing on their work.

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At the time of A. V. Olson's visit last spring to the Indian Ocean missions, a suitable building site was found in Saint Denis, Reunion, for the construction of a chapel and mission headquarters. Now we are glad, to be able to say that plans are being laid to begin construction work at an early date. It will be a great blessing to the church in Reunion to have a permanent home in the capital. Owing to a very special situation, such a building will give strength and permanency to the work throughout the entire island.

During the past years it has become very evident that a training school for Italy was one of

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Southern Europe's major needs. The last months this need, with the development of the European situation, took on a character of urgency. Thus the Italian Union was glad to be able to make plans a year ago, when funds were made available for the acquisition of the chapel and headquarters building in Florence, to open school this fall in the mission building, Via Trieste 17, the mission and publishing house offices to be moved to the new building in the city. Until a few weeks ago definite plans were on foot to open a school this coming November; now, however, due to the uncertainty of the future, the opening of the Italian Union training school has been postponed.

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E. P. Mansell, director of the Azores Mission, mentioned this interesting item in a recent communication: "One of our interested Sabbath school members has been very faithful in distributing tracts. One day he met a priest on the road who at once began to attack the Protestants. After about an hour's talk with our friend Antonio this priest decided to take the tract home and read it. Later, another long talk was on, this time in the home of the priest. He had been much impressed after reading the tract and said: 'I see that the Adventists are not like the Protestants I know. I would like to know more about them. Can you bring me one of the Bibles they use so I can compare it with mine ?' Of course we were glad to furnish the priest with a Bible, as well as with a full series of tracts. Now he is being greatly persecuted because he preaches the cardinal doctrines of the Adventists, telling the people that the Lord is soon coming in the clouds of heaven and that images are only stone and clay. He says that he would like to meet the Adventist preacher but is afraid of the people who are already beginning to accuse him of being an Adventist. I have offered to meet him secretly. Pray that this modern Nicodemus may come to see 'the light that lighteth every man that cometh into the world."

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INTERESTING ITEMS

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Imprimerie du Séminaire Adventiste - Collonges-sous-Salève - (Haute-Savoie) France

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